

# Study Guide: World War II

Use your notes and chapters 24 and 25 in the text to answer the following

For each leader below, write the country with which he is associated. Some countries will be used more than once; then say whether the leader and country were associated with the Axis or the Allies. Then write the following terms beside the leader with whom it is most associated: fascism, nazism, isolation/neutrality (at first), totalitarianism, militarism, appeasement (not every leader will have a term)

Leader	Country	Policy	Axis or Allied?
1. Douglas MacArthur	_____	_____	_____
2. Hideki Tojo	_____	_____	_____
3. Adolf Hitler	_____	_____	_____
4. Neville Chamberlain	_____	_____	_____
5. Dwight D. Eisenhower	_____	_____	_____
6. Benito Mussolini	_____	_____	_____
7. Franklin D. Roosevelt	_____	_____	_____
8. Joseph Stalin	_____	_____	_____
9. Emperor Hirohito	_____	_____	_____
10. Harry S Truman	_____	_____	_____
11. Winston Churchill	_____	_____	_____
12. Robert Oppenheimer	_____	_____	_____

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## Short Answer

Toward which country did Japan initially target its aggression?

What was the German phrase for "lightning war" and against whom did Hitler first use it?

Whose idea was the "Final Solution," what was its definition and at whom was it aimed?

What was the Holocaust?

What was the Manhattan Project all about?

Name the program that offered broke, war-torn England ships and war supplies.

What was the "date which will live in infamy" and why is it significant?

What group of U.S. citizens were interned during the war?

What was the initial strategy for the Allies toward the Axis Powers?

What was the nickname of the Allies strategy for dealing with the Japanese in the Pacific?

What types of items were rationed during WWII.

What is the word used to describe the conversion of businesses from consumer products to war products?

What two groups of Americans took industry jobs that white men left when they went to fight?

Were those groups encouraged to keep the jobs after the war?

List at least three minority groups who fought for the U.S. despite discrimination in the U.S.

What president made the decision to use atomic weapons?

What two cities were bombed by the U.S. in August 1945?

What was the purpose of the Geneva Convention?

What was the long-term impact of the Nuremberg Trials?

## Events and their significance

For each of the battles or events listed below, find the year in which it ended (some take a while), its location, the main combatants (don't always say Allies vs. Axis, be specific where you can), explain its significance briefly.

Battle	Year	Location	Main Combatants	Why is it significant
Invasion of Poland	1939	Poland	Germany/Soviet/Poland	Starts WWII
Battle of Britain				
Pearl Harbor				
Bataan "Death March"				
Midway				
El Alamein				
Stalingrad				
Normandy (D-Day)				
Battle of the Bulge				
Iwo Jima & Okinawa				
VE Day				
V-J Day				